PLATINUM | ADVISORS

September 5, 2023

TABLE 1: BOARD ADOPTED ITEMS

BILL	SUBJECT	STATUS	ADOPTED POSITION
<u>AB 96 (Kalra</u> D) Public employment: local public transit agencies: autonomous transit vehicle technology	AB 96 proposes a process that would require a transit operator to inform labor representatives of the operators' intent to use autonomous vehicle technology.	Senate Floor	WATCH
AB 316 (Aguiar-Curry D) Vehicles: autonomous vehicles.	AB 316 would prohibit the operation of an autonomous vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 10,001 pounds or more on public roads for testing purposes, transporting goods, or transporting passengers unless a human safety operator is physically present at the time operation. Similar to AB 96, this bill would apply to the operation of any large autonomous vehicles on California roads without an operator in the vehicle.	Senate Floor	WATCH

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AB 413 (Lee D) Vehicles: stopping, standing, and parking.	AB 413 amends the Vehicle Code to require "daylighting" at all intersections. Specifically, the bill prohibits a person from stopping, parking, or leave standing any vehicle within 20 feet of the vehicle approach side of a marked or unmarked crosswalk. Amendments taken in the Senate Transportation Committee are pending but would allow delivery vehicles to use this space, and would allow for less than 20 feet if a bulb-out exists.	Senate Floor	SUPPORT & SEEK AMENDMENTS
AB 463 (Hart D) Electricity: prioritization of service: public transit vehicles	The goal of AB 463 is to ensure utilities take into consideration the electricity needs to charge electric buses when planning for power shutoffs. This measure would require the CPUC to consider the economic, social equity, and mobility impacts of a temporary power discontinuance to customers that rely on electrical service to operate public transit vehicles. In addition, AB 463 would require electric utilities to include in their public safety power shutoff plans protocols related to mitigating those public safety impacts on public transit vehicle charging infrastructure.	Assembly Appropriations Suspense File Two-Year Bill	SUPPORT
AB 557 (Hart D) Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.	AB 557 would extend indefinitely the existing authorization for local legislative bodies with a majority vote to hold remote meetings if a proclaimed state of emergency exists. Specifically, AB 557 would eliminate the January 1, 2024, sunset date on provisions of law authorizing remote meetings during a proclaimed state	Senate Floor	SUPPORT

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	emergency. The bill also changes the requirement to reauthorize the use of remote meetings from every 30 days to every 45 days.		
AB 645 (Friedman D) Vehicles: speed safety system pilot program.	30 days to every 45 days. AB 645 was approved by the Senate Transportation Committee and is now pending in the Senate Judiciary Committee. AB 645 was amended on March 16th to create the Speed Safety System Pilot Program. The program would authorize the Cities of Oakland, Los Angeles, San Jose, Glendale, Long Beach, and San Francisco to use an automated system to detect and issue citations for speeding. The bill includes provisions specifying the steps each city must comply with, such as adopting a Speed Safety System Use Policy and Speed Safety System Impact Report. These steps include conducting a 30- day public education campaign before commencing and issuing only warning citations for the first 60 days of operation. The bill also includes privacy protection provisions. AB 645 also limits the number of automated systems that can be used based on the population of the city. The bill also limits placement of the systems to school zones, areas where a high number of speed contests occur, and streets designated as a safety corridor as specified in existing law.	Senate Floor	SUPPORT

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<u>AB 719</u> (<u>Boerner</u> D) Medi-Cal benefits.	Current law establishes a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, including nonmedical transportation for a beneficiary to obtain covered Medi-Cal services. Current law requires nonmedical transportation to be provided by the beneficiary's managed care plan or by the department for a Medi- Cal fee-for-service beneficiary.	Senate Floor	cluding nonmedical ry to obtain covered requires nonmedical by the beneficiary's
	This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to require managed care plans to contract with public paratransit operators for the purpose of establishing reimbursement rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation trips provided by a public transit operator. The bill would require the rates reimbursed by the managed care plan to the public transit operator to be based on the department's fee-for-service rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation service.		
AB 761 (Freidman D): Transit Transformation Task Force.	Significant portions of AB 761 were incorporated into the budget trailer bill on transportation, SB 125. AB 761 would require the California Transportation Agency (CalSTA) to convene, by July 1, 2024, a statewide task force to explore opportunities to regrow ridership through strategies such as integrated fares, coordinated service planning to adapt to changing travel needs, consistent wayfinding, improvements to transit priority on roads, and workforce training and retention. The	Senate Transportation Two-Year Bill	WATCH

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	Task Force would also review the state's systems for oversight and reporting to improve accountability.		
	CalSTA is required to report the task force's findings and recommendations to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2025. The provisions of the bill would be repealed on January 1, 2028.		
AB 817 (Pacheco D) Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body.	 AB 817 would authorize a "subsidiary body" to remotely hold a public meeting if specified conditions are met. The bill defines a subsidiary body to include: certain types of commissions, committees, or other body as defined in paragraph (b) of Government Code Section 54952, a body that serves exclusively as an advisory body, a body that is not authorized to take final action on any contract, legislation, regulation, or permit. AB 817 would also require the members of the body 	Assembly Local Government Two-Year Bill	SUPPORT
	to participate through both audio and visual technology. The public must be able to participate in the body's proceedings either by phone line or through an internet-based platform.		
<u>AB 819</u> (<u>Bryan</u> D) Crimes: public	AB 819 would remove the option of incarcerating and charging someone with a misdemeanor for fare evasion. Specifically, the bill provides that a third or subsequent fare evasion violation, as specified, is no	Senate Floor	SUPPORT

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transportation: fare evasion.	longer a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in county jail for a period of not more than 90 days and shall be a fine of not more than \$400.		
	This change is consistent with AC Transit's policy to impose only an administrative penalty for fare evasions, among other offenses.		
AB 1379 (Papan D) Open meetings: local agencies:	AB 1379 would amend the Brown Act to allow a legislative body to hold meetings in any combination of in person or remote participation. The hearing on AB 1379 scheduled in the Local Government	Assembly Local Government Two-Year Bill	SUPPORT
teleconferences.	Committee this week was cancelled, making this a two-year bill that will not be heard this session.		
	The bill specifies a quorum can be established by any of the following:		
	 Consisting of members participating remotely. Consisting of members participating at a designated location. 		
	 Consisting of members participating remotely and at a designated location. 		
	AB 1379 specifies that the "singular designated physical meeting location" must be open to the public and located within the legislative body's jurisdiction.		
AB 1525	AB 1525 requires at least 60 percent of all moneys	Assembly Appropriations	SUPPORT IN CONCEPT
(Bonta D) Transportation Agency:	allocated for projects administered by the State Transportation Agency (CalSTA), the Department of Transportation (Caltrans), or the California	Held on Suspense File 2-Year Bill	

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allocations for projects in priority populations	Transportation Commission fund projects located in disadvantaged communities and benefit priority populations.		
	While this bill was approved by the Assembly Transportation Committee, several members expressed concerns with the structure of the bill and encouraged Assemblywoman Bonta to work with the opposition. The general tone from the committee was this is a very difficult but necessary issue to tackle.		
	The bill requires that, by July 1, 2024, CalSTA have a system in place to evaluate every project to ensure specified benefits accrue to disadvantaged communities. It further requires a "third-party governmental entity" to audit how CalSTA, Caltrans and the CTC evaluate, select, and fund projects in disadvantaged communities.		
ACA 1 (Aguiar-Curry D)	ACA 1 appears to be heading to the Senate before the end of session.	Assembly Floor	SUPPORT
Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.	Similar to last session's proposal, ACA 1 would lower the voter threshold for property tax increases, parcel taxes and sales taxes to 55% if the funds are used for affordable housing and infrastructure projects. This includes capital improvements to transit and streets and highways.		

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	The Assembly Appropriations Committee amended ACA 1 to add specific conditions on the use of funds as outlined below:		
	 Imposes a 5% cap on administrative costs for projects funded by propositions approved with a 55% vote. The proceeds of the tax shall only be spent on projects and programs that serve the jurisdiction of the local government. Requires annual audits to be submitted to the California State Auditor for review. Requires the creation of a citizen oversight committee, and the members of that committee shall receive educational training on local taxation and fiscal oversight. An entity owned or controlled by a local official that votes on whether to put a proposition on the ballot pursuant will be prohibited from bidding on any work funded by the proposition. If the voters of the local government have previously approved a tax pursuant to ACA 1, the local government shall not place a proposition on the ballot pursuant to this section until all funds from the previous proposition are committed to programs and projects listed in the specific local program or ordinance. The legislature by a 2/3 vote may enact laws establishing additional accountability measures. 		

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	ACA 1 does not allow for the 55% local measure to use the tax revenue for transit operations.		
SB 411 (Portantino D) Open meetings: teleconferences: bodies with appointed membership	SB 411 authorizes a neighborhood council within the City of Los Angles, to use alternate teleconferencing provisions related to notice, agenda, and public participation, subject to certain requirements and restrictions, if the city council has adopted an authorizing resolution and two-thirds of an eligible legislative body votes to use the alternate teleconferencing provisions. The provisions of SB 411 susnet on January1, 2026,	Senate Floor Concurrence Vote	WATCH
	and require that, at least once per year, at least a quorum of the members of the eligible legislative body must participate in person from a singular physical location.		
SB 434 (Min D) Transit operators: street harassment survey.	SB 434 requires the top ten public transit operators, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature for this purpose, to collect and publish survey data, as specified, and conduct outreach activities, as specified, for the purpose of informing their efforts to improve the safety of riders and reduce street harassment on public transit. Requires transit operators, by December 31, 2024, to publish the survey data on their websites and inform the Governor and the Legislature.	Assembly Floor	SUPPORT
	SB 434 furthers the goals of SB 1161 (Min) from last session. AC Transit adopted a support position on SB 1161. As signed into law SB 1161 directed the		

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	Mineta Transportation Institute to develop the survey content. If funding is available, SB 434 would require the top ten transit operators to conduct and publish the results of the survey.		
<u>SB 532</u> (<u>Wiener</u> D) San Francisco Bay area toll bridges: toll increase: transit operating expenses.	Given ongoing negotiations with several Bay Area legislators, Senator Wiener has decided to hold SB 532 in the Assembly Appropriation Committee making it a two-year bill that will be revisited next year. In light of the fiscal crisis facing public transit, Senator Wiener has amended SB 532 to propose a \$1.50 increase in tolls paid on all state-owned toll bridges in the Bay Area. Toll increase would be imposed starting January 1, 2024, and the increase would stop on December 31, 2028. The bill directs 90% of the revenue generated would be used to avoid service cuts and maintain service levels, including safety and security needs. The remaining 10% of revenue would be used to assist	Assembly Appropriations Two-Year Bill	SUPPORT
	transit operators in planning and reconfiguring transit service.		
<u>SB 617</u> (<u>Newman</u> D) Public contracts: progressive design- build: local and	SB 617 authorizes transit agencies and regional transportation planning agencies (RTPA) to utilize progressive design-build procurement method, through January 1, 2029. Current law authorizes transit agencies to utilize	Governor's Desk	SUPPORT
regional agencies.	design-build procurement until January 1, 2025, on		

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	contracts in excess of \$1 million. SB 617 allow for the use of "progressive design-build procurement."		
	Progressive design-build procurement is a new variation of design-build that utilizes a two-step process. In the first step, the local agency uses a best value process to select a design-build entity who completes preliminary plans and pre-construction services necessary to provide a cost estimate and final design proposal. The project then "progresses" to the second step, where the local agency and the design-build entity agree to a final design, project cost, and schedule. If an agreement cannot be reached the local agency and the design-build entity can part ways, but the local agency can still use the work acquired during the initial phase.		
SB 747 (Caballero D) Land use: economic development: surplus land.	SB 747 makes numerous changes to the Surplus Land Act (SLA) to clarify procedures and provide local agencies with economic development opportunities pursuant to Economic Opportunity Law (EOL). SB 747 continues to prioritize affordable housing production while also providing much needed statutory clarity to allow for a more tailored, community-driven approach to disposal and development of surplus land.	Assembly Floor	SUPPORT